

1. Situation

A singer that Aki and Sachi like released a new song.

Dialogue

アキ：ねえ、もう聞いた？

Aki: Hey, have you listened to it already?

- ねえ hey
- もう already; soon; again; more; strengthens expression of an emotion; filler word: なんか、もう、帰ろうよ: Like, let's go home already?
- 聞いた past tense of 聞く
- 聞く to hear; to listen; to ask; to obey

サチ：うん、聞いた、聞いた。すごく良かった。

Sachi: Yeah, I have, I have. It's really good.

- うん (casual, non-keigo) yes; yeah
- すごく adverbial form of すごい
- すごい i-adj. fantastic, wonderful, terrible; adv. awfully, very, immensely
- 良かった past tense of 良い
- 良い、いい good; 映画良かった! The film was great!; you may use this to indicate your preference or choice; 私、ラーメンがいい。I'd like to choose ramen; いいね is the Japanese version of "like" on social media.

アキ：良かったよね。この前よりさらにいいよね。

Aki: It is, isn't it? It's even better than the previous one.

- ~よね shares mutual sentiments; confirms some information: 寒いよね。It's cold, right?; よな is sometimes used by male speakers; かわいいよ。may imply she might not know that she's cute, かわいいね。may imply you expect her to notice it too, and かわいいよね。implies that the speaker is certain about the statement and expect the other person to agree

- この前^{まえ} some time ago; recently; lately; the other day; この前^{まえ}車^{くるま}買ったよ。I bought a car the other day.
- ～より than; from; カナダは日本^{にほん}より大きい。Canada is bigger than Japan.
- さらに again; still more; moreover; さらに^{ひと}人が来た。Even more people came.

サチ：やっぱり。私^{わたし}もそう思った^{おも}。

Sachi: I knew it. I thought so too.

- やっぱり as (one) expected; still; either way; after all; nonetheless; やっぱり and やっぱ are colloquial versions of やはり
- ～も too; also; 私^{わたし}も行く！ I'll go too!; but: 頑張^{がんば}っても出来^{でき}なかった。I tried my best, but I couldn't do it.
- そう so (as in "I think so"); そう^{おも}思う。I think so. ; そうなんだ。I see.
- 思^{おも}う to think; to believe; to feel; to expect; ～と思^{おも}う I think that: 明日^{あした}、行くと思^{おも}う。I think I will go tomorrow.

2. Situation

This is a conversation between someone who is looking for a house to rent and a real estate agent.

Dialogue

不動産屋ふどうさんや：この家いえはどうですか？

Real estate agent: How about this house?

- この this
- 家いえ house; home
- どう how; what; どうおも思う? What do you think?; how about: ラーメンらーめんどう? How about (eating) ramen?
- ～です polite ending; use this polite form, called "keigo," when you talk to strangers, people who are older than you, and in business situations.
- ～か? makes a sentence a question; usually used with keigo sentences in spoken Japanese; textbooks often drop the question mark, but it's common to use a question mark in real-life situations

客きやく：少しすこ大きいおおですね。

Customer: It's a little big, isn't it?

- 少しすこ a little; a few
- 大きいおお big; large; great
- ～ね shares information or experiences; softens a sentence; expects an agreement; isn't it?; don't you?; 雨あめだね。 Oh, it's raining (as you can see).

不動産屋ふどうさんや：でもあんまりたか高くないですよ。

Real estate agent: But it isn't very expensive.

- でも but; however; or something; でも、日本にほんに行きたい。 But, I want to go to Japan; even: プロでもで出来ない。 Even professionals can't do it.
- あまり、あんまり あまり n. the rest; あまり、あんまり adv. (not) much; often; あまり～ない: 仕事しごとがあまりない。 I don't have a lot of work.

- ^{たか}高くない negative form of ^{たか}高い
- ^{たか}高い high; tall; expensive
- ～よ introduces new information; emphasises a sentence; ^{あさ}朝だよ! It's morning!

^{きやく}客 : ^{おお}大きい^{いえ}家は^{ひつよう}必要ないです。

Customer: I don't need a big house.

- ^{ひつよう}必要 necessary
- ない There is no . . . ; no . . .

^{ふどうさんや}不動産屋 : ^{ひつよう}必要ありませんか？

Real estate agent: You don't need one?

- ありません negative form of あります
- あります ます form of ある; ～ます makes a keigo (polite) sentence
- ある to be (existence); to have (possession); to happen; use ある for objects and いる for people and animals

^{きやく}客 : はい、^{ひとり}一人で^す住むんで。

Customer: Yes, because I'll be living alone.

- はい yes
- ^{ひとり}一人 one person; alone
- ～で in; at; from; by: indicates means (methods) or places; フォークで^た食べる to eat with a fork; ^{いえ}家で^た食べる to eat at home; may make a noun adverbial: ^{みじか}短い^{じかん}時間で^た食べる eating fast; indicates a choice: じゃあビールで。Then, I choose beer.
- ^す住む to live
- ～んで as; because; since; ^{つか}疲れたんで^{かえ}帰ります。I'll go home because I'm tired.

3. Situation

Aki and Sachi are talking about the test that they took a short while ago.

Dialogue

アキ：問題、すごく多^{おお}かったよね。

Aki: There were a lot of problems, weren't there?

- 問題^{もんだい} problem; question
- 多^{おお}かった past tense of 多^{おお}い
- 多^{おお}い many; much; a lot of

サチ：うん。ほん^{おお}と多^{おお}かった。

Sachi: Yeah. There were really many.

- 本当^{ほんとう}、ほん^{おお}と truth; right; really

アキ：どこまでできた？

Aki: How far did you make it?

- どこ where
- ～まで to, as far as: 日本^{にほん}まで行^いった。I went to (as far as) Japan; till, until: 朝^{あさ}まで仕^し事^{ごと}した。I worked until morning.
- できた past tense of できる
- できる to be able to do; to be ready; to be made; to be good at; e.g. 彼女^{かのじょ}ができる=to find a girlfriend、友達^{ともだち}ができる=to make a friend

サチ：終^おわらなかつた。

Sachi: I didn't finish it.

- 終^おわらなかつた negative form of 終^おわつた
- 終^おわつた past tense of 終^おわる
- 終^おわる to end; to finish

アキ：^{わたし}私^も。^{じかん}時間、なかつたよね。

Aki: Me neither. There wasn't enough time, was there?

- ^{じかん}時間 time
- なかつた past tense of ない

サチ：うん、みんなも^{おな}同じだよね。

Sachi: No, it's the same for everyone, isn't it?

- みんな everyone (often みなさん); everything
- ^{おな}同じ same

4. Situation

They are talking about a movie that has been the talk of the town recently.

Dialogue

さとう み ひと おお
佐藤：見た人、多いみたいですね。

Sato: It seems like a lot of people have seen it, right?

- 見た past tense of 見る
- 見る to see; to look; to watch; to check; we use 観る for things like sports or TV shows
- 人 person; people; human being
- ~みたい like; it seems that...; as if...

たなか わたし まえ み
田中：私もこの前見ましたよ。

Tanaka: I saw it recently too.

- 見ました past tense of 見ます
- 見ます ます form of 見る; ~ます makes a keigo (polite) sentence

さとう わたし
佐藤：私はまだなんです。どうでしたか？

Sato: I haven't seen it yet. How was it?

- まだ yet; still; まだ帰れない。I can't go home yet.
- ~んです commonly used when you explain something; 実は日本人なんです。In fact, I'm Japanese.
- ~でした past tense of ~です

たなか わたし す
田中：私は好きです、あの感じ。また見たいです。

Tanaka: I like that sort of movie. I want to see it again.

- 好き favorite; to like; to love
- あの that; those
- 感じ feeling; impression; atmosphere; often used to express your impression: この部屋いい感じ
This room looks good.

- また adv. additionally; moreover; conj. again; too; and; また来^きます。I'll come here again.
- 見^みたい たい form of 見^みる; ~たい expresses desire; I want to __