

## 1. Situation

Yuki and Sakura have come across a house in the city.

## Dialogue

ユキ：サクラ、この家<sup>いえし</sup>知ってる？

Yuki: Sakura, do you know this house?

- この this
- 家<sup>いえ</sup> house; home
- 知<sup>し</sup>って te-form of 知<sup>ち</sup>(し)る
- 知<sup>し</sup>る to know
- ている, てる verb form to express continuation; 知<sup>し</sup>る + ている = 知<sup>し</sup>っている knowing; てる is a colloquial version of ている

サクラ：何<sup>なに</sup>？誰<sup>だれ</sup>か住<sup>す</sup>んでるとか？

Sakura: What? Do you mean who lives there?

- 何<sup>なに</sup> what
- 誰<sup>だれ</sup> who; whose; whom
- 誰<sup>だれ</sup>か someone; somebody
- 住<sup>す</sup>んで te-form of 住<sup>す</sup>む
- 住<sup>す</sup>む to live
- ている, てる verb form to express continuation; 住<sup>す</sup>む + ている = 住<sup>す</sup>んでいる living; てる is a colloquial version of ている
- とか such as; or something; and so on; something like

ユキ：…誰<sup>だれ</sup>も住<sup>す</sup>んでないって。

Yuki: They say that nobody lives there...

- 誰<sup>だれ</sup>も no one; nobody (with neg. verb)
- 住<sup>す</sup>んでない negative form of 住<sup>す</sup>んでる

- っいて a colloquial form of と言いう (sb/sth says that...), と聞きく ( I hear that); っいていうこと (it means that)

サクラ：へえ。

Sakura: I see.

- へえ、へー oh, yes?; really?

ユキ：でも、誰だれかいるみたいだって。

Yuki: But they say that it looks like somebody is living there.

- でも but; however
- いる to be; to exist; to stay (used for people)
- みたい it seems that; as if

サクラ：えー！？

Sakura: What?!

- えー、ええ、え eh?; what?; well; yes

ユキ：…入はいってみる？

Yuki: Shall we take a look inside?

- 入はいって te-form of 入はいる; te-form is often used to connect to other expression; te-form may indicate a command: 入はいって! Please enter!
- 入はいる to enter; to come in; to go in
- ってみる to try something out; to attempt to do something

サクラ：入はいらないよ！帰かえろう！！

Sakura: I'm not going in! Let's go back!!!

- 入はいらない negative form of 入はいる
- よ ASSERTION; REMINDING (colloquial); announces new information; emphasises a sentence
- 帰かえろう ろう form of 帰かえる; ~ろう expresses suggestion; let's \_\_
- 帰かえる to return

## 2. Situation

Kana is looking for her pen.

## Dialogue

カナ：サナエ、ペン知らない？

Kana: Sanae, do you know where my pen is?

- ペン pen
- 知らない negative form of 知る

サナエ：ペン？

Sanae: Your pen?

カナ：そう。ここにあったペン。

Kana: Yes. The pen that was here.

- そう so; such; that is so; that's right
- ここ here
- に at; on; in; to; for; by; from
- あった past tense of ある
- ある to be (existence); to have (possession); to happen; to occur (used for objects)

サナエ：えー？知らないよ。

Sanae: Hmm... I don't know.

カナ：誰か持ってたかな…。

Kana: Perhaps somebody took it...

- 持って te-form of 持つ; te-form is often used to connect to other expression; te-form may indicate a command: 持って！Please hold!
- 持つ to have; to take; to hold
- ていった、てった past tense of ていく、てく

- ていく, てく \_\_ and go; describes an additional action along with the other action; may imply that you are leaving where you are; may imply continuity of action; ご飯<sup>はんた</sup>食べていく。 I' ll eat (and go somewhere else.)
- かな indicates uncertainty; softens a sentence

サナエ：どうだろ。どこかで見たら<sup>み</sup>言う<sup>い</sup>ね。

Sanae: I wonder. I' ll tell you if I see it somewhere.

- どう how; what
- どうだろ a colloquial form of どうだろう; I wonder; I don' t know
- どこ where
- どこか somewhere, anywhere; in some way, somehow
- 見る<sup>み</sup> to see; to look at; to watch; to check
- たら if; when; after
- 言う<sup>い</sup> to say; to speak; to talk
- ね shares information or experiences; softens a sentence; expects an agreement; isn' t it?; don' t you?

### 3. Situation

Ms. Suzuki was called to by Mr. Sasaki.

### Dialogue

ササキ：スズキさん！

Sasaki: Ms. Suzuki!

スズキ：えーと…？

Suzuki: Ehm...

ササキ：あ、わかる？<sup>ぼく</sup>僕のこと。

Sasaki: Ah, do you know who I am?

- わかる to understand; to see
- <sup>ぼく</sup>僕 I (used by male speakers)
- の of; in; at; for; by
- <sup>こと</sup>事 thing

スズキ：<sup>だれ</sup>誰…？

Suzuki: Who...

ササキ：あの一、<sup>まえ</sup>前、<sup>かいしゃ</sup>会社、<sup>いっしょ</sup>一緒だった…。

Sasaki: Well, we used to work at the same company...

- <sup>まえ</sup>前 forward; front; before
- <sup>かいしゃ</sup>会社 company; firm
- <sup>いっしょ</sup>一緒 together; with
- だった past tense of nouns and na-adjectives; <sup>あめ</sup>雨だった It was raining.

スズキ：…あ、ササキさん？

Suzuki: Ah... Mr. Sasaki?

ササキ: そう!

Sasaki: Yes!

スズキ: えー! <sup>か</sup>変わったね!

Suzuki: Wow! You have changed!

- <sup>か</sup>変わった past tense of <sup>か</sup>変わる
- <sup>か</sup>変わる to change

ササキ: ダイエットしたからね!

Sasaki: It's because I've been on a diet!

- ダイエットした past tense of ダイエットする
- ダイエット(する) diet; to lose weight; to go on a diet
- から because; since

## 4. Situation

Yuri and Momoka are talking about an exam.

## Dialogue

ユリ：今のテスト、どうだった？

Yuri: How did the exam go?

- 今 now
- テスト test

モモカ：ほとんどわかんなかった！

Momoka: I almost didn't understand any of it!

- ほとんど almost; nearly; mostly
- わかんなかった colloquial form of わからなかった
- わからなかった past tense of わからない
- わからない negative form of わかる

ユリ：やっぱり？！

Yuri: I know, right?!

- やはり、やっぱり as (one) expected; still; either way; after all; nonetheless

モモカ：特に一つ目の問題！

Momoka: Especially the first question!

- 特に とくに especially; particularly
- 一つ one
- 目 ordinal number suffix
- 一つ目 first (in a series); initial
- 問題 problem; question

ユリ：あー！あの問題！わかんなかったね！

Yuri: Ah! That question! I didn't understand it!

- あの that; those